

Musterbeispiel

Aufgabe 22

a)

$$\begin{aligned} 2x - 7 &= 3x - 2; \quad x \in \mathbb{N} \\ 2x - 7 &= 3x - 2 \quad | + 2 \\ 2x - 5 &= 3x \quad | - 2x \\ x &= -5 \\ L &= \{-5\}, \text{ denn } -5 \in \mathbb{Z} \end{aligned}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2}{3}y + 1 &= \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{5}{3}; \quad y \in \mathbb{Q}_+ \\ \frac{2}{3}y + 1 &= \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{5}{3} \quad | - 1 \\ \frac{2}{3}y &= \frac{1}{3}y + \frac{2}{3} \quad | - \frac{1}{3}y \\ \frac{1}{3}y &= \frac{2}{3} \quad | \cdot 3 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = 2$$

$$L = \{2\}$$

c)

$$\begin{aligned} y^2 + 3y - y^2 &= 0; \quad y \in \mathbb{N} \\ y^2 + 3y - y^2 &= 0 \\ 3y &= 0 \quad | : 3 \\ y &= 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{0\}$$

d) $-2v - 3 = -9v - 3 + 7v \quad | Zsf$
 $-2v - 3 = -2v - 3 \quad | + 3$
 $-2v = -2v \quad | + 2v$

$$0 = 0$$

$$L = \mathbb{Q}$$

e) $3a - 5 + a = 1; \quad a \in \mathbb{Q}_+$

$$\begin{aligned} 3a - 5 + a &= 1 && |Zsf. \\ 4a - 5 &= 1 && |+5 \\ 4a &= 6 && |:4 \\ a &= \frac{3}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \left\{ \frac{3}{2} \right\}$$

f) $3x = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{10}{3}x + 1 \quad |Zsf.$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x &= 3x + 1 && |-3x \\ 0 &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \emptyset$$

g) $3x + 5 = 3 \cdot (x + 2) \quad |Ausm.$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 5 &= 3x + 6 && |-3x \\ 5 &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \emptyset$$

h) $3x + 3x + 4 = 6 \cdot \left(x + \frac{2}{3} \right) \quad |Ausm. + Zsf.$

$$\begin{aligned} 6x &+ 4 = 6x + 4 && |-6x \\ 4 &= 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \mathbb{Q}$$

i) $4x = 2(2x + 3) \quad x \in \mathbb{Q}_+$

$$\begin{aligned} 4x &= 2(2x + 3) && |Ausm. \\ 4x &= 4x + 6 && |-4x \\ 0 &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \emptyset$$

j) $3x + 1 = 2x + 2; \quad x \in \mathbb{N}$

$$\begin{aligned} 3x + 1 &= 2x + 2 && |-1 \\ 3x &= 2x + 1 && |-2x \\ x &= 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$L = \{1\}$$